R/008/60/000/004/009/018 A125/A126

On some infinite systems of linear ....

the system

$$\sum_{i} \omega \mu_{mi}^{2} \, \bar{B}'_{i} + x_{2} \, (m \, \lambda) \, \bar{D}'_{m} = 0, \tag{25}$$

 $\chi_{2}' (n \lambda') \tilde{B}'_{n} + \sum_{l} \omega' \mu_{1n}^{2} \tilde{D}'_{l} = \gamma_{n} (-1)^{n} b_{n}$ 

which is also regular. He tries to establish some improvements. On the basis of some evaluations performed by P. S. Bondarenko and considering that the series development

$$\sum_{i} \omega \mu_{mi}^{2} = 4 (m \lambda)^{3} \sum_{i} \frac{1}{[1^{2} + (m \lambda)^{2}]^{2}}$$
 (27)

approximates a defined integral, and on the basis of some evaluations established by B. L. Abramian (Ref. 2: K ploskoy zadachi teorii uprugosti dlya pryamougol'ni-ka. Prikl. mat. 1 mekh., 21, I, 89, 1957) the author establishes the system

Card 7/9

23658 R/008/60/000/004/009/018 A125/A126

On some infinite systems of linear ....

$$\sum_{1} \frac{1}{\left[1^{2} + (m \lambda)^{2}\right]^{2}} \begin{cases} f_{1} (m \lambda) & (m \lambda \leq 3), \\ f_{2} (m \lambda) & (3 < m \lambda \leq 4), \\ f_{3} (m \lambda) & (m \lambda > 4), \end{cases}$$
(28)

and deduces the results

$$\rho_{\rm m} > 1 - \frac{4}{90} 0,720 > 1 - 0.920 = 0,080 > 0,$$
 (29'')

for every m and

$$\rho'_{n} = 1 - \frac{\sum_{k'} \omega' \mu'_{k}}{\chi'_{2} (n \lambda')} \ge 1 - \frac{4 (n \lambda')^{3} f_{k} (n \lambda')}{\chi'_{2} (n \lambda')} > 0,080 > 0, \tag{29'''}$$

for every n. Thus, the infinite system (25) is completely regular. B. L. Abramin and M. M. Manukian (Ref. 3: Resheniye ploskoy zadachi teorii uprugosti dlya prya-

Card 8/9

23658 R/008/60/009/004/009/018 A125/A126

On some infinite systems of linear ...

mougol nika v peremeshoheniyakh. Dokl. Akad. Nauk Arm. SSR, 25, 4, 177, 1957). have also studied the case in which displacement conditions are established along the entire contour. The infinite systems of linear equations corresponding to other load cases can be studied in a similar way. The author finally shows the simplified problem of a square-shaped beam. There are 2 figures and 7 Soviet-bloc references.

ASSOCIATION: Universitatea "C. I. Parhon", Facultatea de matematica si fizica

("C. I. Parhon" University, Department of Mathematics and Phy-

sics)

SUBMITTED: March 23, 1960

Card 9/9

# TEODORESCU, P.P. (Bucarest)

On the calculation of some hyperstatic right beams. Bull math Rum 4 no.1:99-113'60.

TEODORESCU, P. P. (Bucuresti)

On the approximation of the bidimensional computation in case of a state of plane tension. Studii cerc mat Cluj 11 no.1:185-194 '60. (EEAI 10:9)

(Dimensional analysis) (Approximate computation) (Elasticity) (Strains and stresses)

P/033/60/012/003/003/007 D242/D302

Teodorescu, P.P. (Bucharest)

On the problem of the elastic plane semi-strip AUTHOR:

PERIODICAL: Archiwum mechaniki stosowanej, v. 12. no. 3, 1960, 313 - 331

TEXT: The author first considers the case where the two parallel sides of the elastic semi-strip are subjected to an arbitrary normal load acting symmetrically to the axis of symmetry. He assumes that the axis of symmetry is coincident with the Ox axis and that the end of the strip coincides with the Oy axis. He considers the semi-strip x > 0, /y/ b as part of the strip /y/ b, acted on by a load symmetric with respect to the Oy axis, q(x) = q(-x), shown in Fig. 2a. In that case the tangential stress is zero at x = 0, and the normal stress is, generally,  $\sigma_{x}(0, y) \neq 0$ . He then considers the antisymmetric case q(x) = -q(-x), where the normal stress is  $\tau_{xy}(0, y) = -t(y)$  is zero at x = 0, and the tangential stress is  $\tau_{xy}(0, y) = -t(y)$ Card 1/5

P/033/60/012/003/003/007 D242/D302

On the problem of the elastic ...

\$\neq 0, shown in Fig. 2b. He states that the problem can thus be reduced to the case of a load acting on the end of the semi-strip. tion of the plane biharmonic problem, Congress of Czech Mathematicians, Prague 1955) who used an algorithmic method. He subsequently discusses the case where a normal load acts symmetrically to the (4 . axis 0x

 $p(y) = b_0 + \sum_{m} b_m \cos \delta_m y$ 

 $\delta_{\rm m} = \frac{\rm m}{b}$  (m = 1, 2, 3,...) (4.2)

where

by using the period  $L_y$  = 2b. For the solution, the author uses a stress function according to G.B. Airy (Ref. 1: On the strains in the interior of beams, British Assoc. Adv. Sci. Rept., 1862, and Ref. 2: Idem, Phil. Trans., Vol. 153, 1863, p 49), which is even

Card 2/5

P/033/60/012/003/003/007 D242/D302

On the problem of the elastic ...

with respect to y, in the form of the sum of a Fourier series in the direction of Oy, and a Fourier integral in the direction of Ox of the two parallel sides. He then gives proof of the uniqueness of the solution. He points out that it is sufficient to make the coefficients  $b_m$  of the order  $1/m^2$ . It is thus possible to consider every case of a continuous load where the Fourier coefficients satisfy the above condition. The concentrated loads (forces or moments) must thus be replaced by an equivalent continuous load. For proof of the uniqueness of the solution the author uses the theorem of P.S. Bondarenko (Ref. 8: L.B. Kantorovich, V.I. Krylov, Priblizhennye metody vysshego analiza (Approximation methods of higher analymid) Moscow Leningred (1950) He also discusses the cost of sis), Moscow-Leningrad, 1950). He also discusses the case of a normal load symmetric with respect to the axis of the elastic semistrip, as well as that of a normal load, anti-symmetric with respect to the axis of the elastic semi-strip. Further, the two cases of tangential loads, symmetrical and anti-symmetrical to the axis of the elastic semi-strip are briefly examined. In a final conclusion the author points out that the problem of concentrated inner

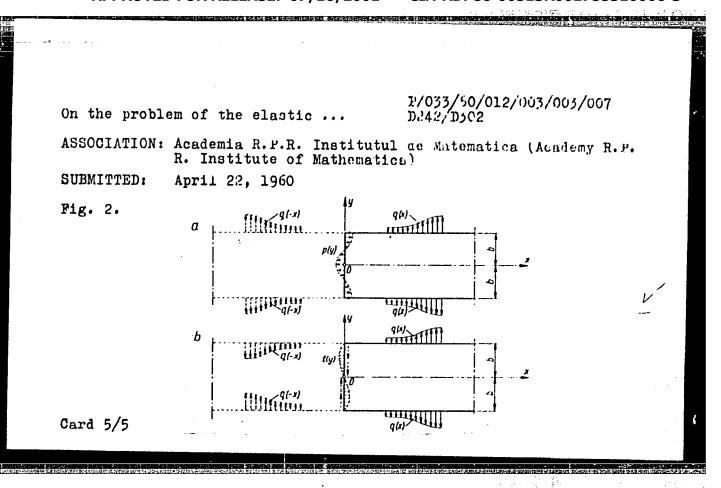
Card 3/5

On the problem of the elastic ...

P/033/60/012/003/003/007 D242/D302

forces may be solved analogously by help of results given in his previous articles (Ref. 13: Bul. Stiint. Acad. R.P.R., Sectia de st.mat. si fiz. nr. 2, 9. 1957, p. 481; and Rev. de Mec. App. 1. 5, 1958, p. 101) and that the problem of an elastic semi-strip where the end is oblique with respect to the two parallel sides may be solved in an analogous manner by help of oblique Cartesian coordinates also discussed in his previous articles (Ref. 14: St. si cerc. de mec. apl., t. IX, nr. 2, 1958, p. 125; and Rev. Mec. Appl. 3. 4, 1959, p. 497). There are 6 figures and 14 references: 7 Soviet-bloc and 7 non-Soviet-bloc. The four most recent references to the English-language publications read as follows: G. Horvay, The end problem of rectangular strips, J. Appl. Mech., 1, 20, 1953, p. 87; G. Horvay, J.B. Born, Tables of self-equilibrating functions, J. Math. Phys., 33, 1955, p. 360; K.T. Sundara Raja Iyengar, On a two-dimensional problem in the end-block design of post-tensioned prestressed concrete beams, Proc. 1st Cong. Teor. Appl. Mech., 1-2 Nov. 1955, p. 107; G. Horvay, Biharmonic eigenvalue problems of the semi-intinite strip. Q. A. M. 1, 15, 1957, p. 05.

Ourd 4/3



TEODORESCU, P.P. (Bucarest)

Problems of the elastic parallelepiped. Archiv mech 12 nc.5/6: 705-727 160.

1. Rumanian Academy of Sciences, Institute of Mathematics, Bucarest,

24.4200

Z/026/61/006/005/003/003 D248/D302

AUTHOR:

Teodorescu, P.P.

TITLE:

On the problem of the elastic quarter plane

PERIODICAL:

Aplikace matematiky, v. 6, no. 5, 1961, 359-378

TEXT: The author studies the case of local loading on one of the sides of the elastic quarter plane, by considering the loading of an elastic semi plane as shown in Fig. 2 and applying the principle of superposition. The loading on the quarter plane  $x \ge 0$ ,  $y \ge 0$  is taken as

 $p(x) = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} b(\alpha) \cos \alpha x \, d\alpha \qquad (5)$ 

acting on the side y = 0. The boundary conditions are

we side 
$$y = 0$$
. The boundary  $x = 0$ :  $x = 0$ ,  $x = 0$ , are the tange

where  $\sigma_{x}$ ,  $\sigma_{y}$  are normal stresses and  $\tau_{xy} = \tau_{yx}$  are the tangen-Card 1/5

Z/026/61/006/005/003/003 D248/D**3**02

On the problem...

tial stresses. The stress state is expressed as an Airy function and on applying the boundary conditions an even Fourier integral in x is obtained of the form

$$D(\beta) + \frac{2}{\pi} \beta^2 \int_{-a}^{a} \frac{|\alpha| B(\alpha)}{(\alpha^2 + \beta^2)^2} d\alpha = 0,$$

$$B(\alpha) + \frac{2}{\pi} \alpha^2 \int_{-a}^{a} \frac{|\beta| D(\beta)}{(\alpha^2 + \beta^2)^2} d\beta = -b(\alpha).$$
(20)

where  $A = A(\alpha)$ ,  $B = B(\alpha)$ ,  $C = C(\beta)$  and  $D = D(\beta)$  are integral functions. The uniqueness of the solution is proved. The author suggests that the general equations given in Eq. (20) contain certain properties which allow for simplification in calculation. By analogous methods the states of stress in integral Fourier form are derived for

 $p'(y) = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} b(\beta) \cos \beta y d\beta$  (23)

Card 2/5

Z/026/61/006/005/003/003 On the problem ... D248/D302

$$p(x) = \int_0^{\infty} b(\alpha) \cos \alpha x \, d\alpha. \qquad (5')$$

$$p(x) = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} a(\alpha) \sin \alpha x \, d\alpha , \qquad (39)$$

and

$$p(x) = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} a(\alpha) \sin \alpha x \, d\alpha, \qquad (39)$$

$$t(x) = \int_{0}^{\infty} b(\alpha) \cos \alpha x \, d\alpha. \qquad (43)$$

A particular case of a normal concentrated load acting at the origin  $\chi^{\chi}$ is considered, and it is shown how the foregoing methods may be used to obtain simple expressions for stress. The strain expressions are also given, though the author does not go further, but suggests that particular conditions of strain may be found away from the singular point at the origin. A similar technique is used to derive the stresses caused by a tangential force at the origin. In concluding, the author states that he has obtained well known classical results by applying a general calculus method. He draws attention to his

Card 3/5

Z/026/61/006/005/003/003 D248/D302

On the problem...

study of the effect of concentration internal forces (Ref. 30: 0 metoda de resolvare a problemei plane a teoriei elasticității in cazul unor forte masice oarecare, Com. Acad. R.P.R., t. VI, nr. 2, 1956, p. 285) and to his work on the plane problem of elasticity in oblique coordinates (Ref. 32: Asupra problemei plane a elasticității în coordinate oblice, St. și cerc. de mec. apl., t. IX, nr. 2, 1958, p. 391). There are 7 figures and 38 references: 22 Soviet-bloc and 16 non-Soviet-bloc. The four most recent references to English-language publications read as follows: M. Hetenyi: A method of Solution for the Elastic Quarter Plane, Paper Amer. Soc. Mech. Engrs. no. A-92, 1959; D.E.R. Godfrey: Solutions of two Dimensional Loading Problems of an Infinite Wedge, Aircraft Engng, vol. 26, nr. 306, 1954, p. 240; D.E.R. Godfrey: Generalised Plane Stress in an Elastic Wedge under Isolated Load, Quart. Journ. Mech. and Apl. Math., vol. VIII, 1955, p. 226: M.L. Williams: Stress Singularities Resulting from Various Boundary Conditions in Angular Corners of Plates in Extension, J. Appl. Mech., vol. 19, nr. 4, 1952, p. 526.

SUBMITTED:

May 13, 1960

Card 4/5

### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755310006-3

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5/124/63/000/004/028/064

AUTHOR:

Teodorescu, P. P.

TITLE:

A numerical method for approximating boundary conditions in boundary-

value problems of mathematical physics

PERTODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, no. 4, 1963, 1, abstract 4V7 (Studii si cercetari mat. Acad. RPR Fil. Cluj, v. 12, no. 1, 1961, 171-

185.)

TEXT: In the case of the approximate solution of boundary-value problems in mathematical physics, the author proposes to impose conditions at a finite number of boundary points. In the case of the plane problem of the theory of elasticity, ne derives a method for evaluating the solution obtained. The problem of loading a quadriform beam wall is examined. The solution is obtained with use of Eric's stress functions in the form of biharmonic polynomials. Orig. art. has: bibliography of eight items. I. P. Dobrovol'skiy.

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 1/1

CIA-RDP86-00513R001755310006-3" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001

R/016/62/007/004/002/002 E031/E135

AUTHOR:

Teodorescu, P.P.

TITLE:

On harmonic and biharmonic polynomials

PERIODICAL: Revue de mécanique appliquée, v.7, no.4, 1962, 821-832

TEXT: E. Almansi showed (in 1898) that a biharmonic function can be represented uniquely in the form

 $F = \Phi_0 + \Phi_1 \sum_{i=1}^m x_i^2$  (4)

where the functions  $\phi_0 = \phi_0(x_i)$  and  $\phi_1 = \phi_1(x_i)$  are harmonic. Similarly, polyharmonic functions, satisfying the equation

$$\triangle^{\mathbf{p}} \mathbf{F} = \mathbf{0} \tag{6}$$

can be represented by the generalisation

Card  $F = \varphi_0 + \sum_{i=1}^{p-1} \varphi_i \left(\sum_{i=1}^m x_i^2\right)^i$  (7)

On harmonic and biharmonic polynomials R/016/62/007/004/002/002 E031/E135

Homogeneous harmonic where  $\phi_i = \phi_i(x_i)$ ,  $i = 1, 2, \dots, p$ . polynomials are the main subject of this paper. Firstly, the n-th order polynomial in two variables is discussed. The coefficients are determined by requiring the polynomial to satisfy Laplace's equation and it is shown that there are no more than two homogeneous harmonic linearly independent n-th order polynomials in two variables. Expressions are given for even and odd values of n and these correspond to the functions derived by A. Kakhane (St. cerc. matem., v.10, no.2, 1959, 411). From Eq.(4) homogeneous biharmonic n-th order polynomials in two variables can be constructed; expressions are given. K. Zwelling (Biharmonische Polynome, Berlin, 1952) gives numerical values and graphs of these polynomials. Using Eq. (7), p-harmonic n-th order polynomials in These results can be used, for two variables can be constructed. example, to solve the Dirichlet problem for a circle of unit radius centred on the origin or the Neumann problem when the normal derivative is given on the boundary and, similarly, any closed contour representable in polynomial form. In earlier work of the author the biharmonic polynomials were used to solve plane Card 2/3

On harmonic and biharmonic ...

R/016/62/007/004/002/002 E031/E135

problems in the theory of elasticity and to construct approximations for biharmonic functions by imposing the boundary conditions at a finite number of points on the contour. The results can be generalised to three dimensions with similar applications, harmonic, biharmonic and p-harmonic n-th order polynomials in three variables being extensively discussed. The treatment of a harmonic polynomial in m variables is outlined. The biharmonic and p-harmonic cases are indicated. Plane problems in elasticity in other coordinate systems for anisotropic bodies and inhomogeneous bodies are mentioned. In all these cases there may be useful polynomial solutions and a general investigation of polynomials satisfying the corresponding equations would be of interest.

ASSOCIATION: Bukharestskiy universitet, mekhaniko-matematicheskiy fakul'tet
(Mechanics-Mathematics Division, Bucharest
University)

Card 3/3

## "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755310006-3

TEODORESCU, P.P.

Galculation of the resistance of straight beams. Rozpr inz PAN 10 no.4:585-643 '62.

1. Academia R.P.R., Institutul de Matematica, Bucuresti.

### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755310006-3

### TEODORESCU, P.P.

The plane problem of the theory of elasticity in arbitrarily curved coordinates. I-III. Bul Ac Pol tech 10 no.7:[403]-[433] '62.

1. Chaire de Mecanique Theorique, Faculte de Mathematique et Mecanique, Universite de Bucarest (RPR). Presented by W.Nowacki.

### TEODORESCU, P.P.

The problem plan of the theory of elasticity in arbitrary curvilinear coordinates. Pts. 4., 5. Bul Ac Pol tech 10 no.8:459-474 162.

1. Chairs de Mechanique Theorique, Faculte de Mathematique et Mechanique, Universite de Bucarest, Bucarest (R.P.R.). Presente par W. Nowacki.

# TEODORESCU, P.P.

Som considerations relative to the solution of the Dirichlet and Neumann problems for a bidimensional domain. Comunicarile AR 12 no.2:201-206 F '62.

1. Comunicare prezentata de C. I $\phi$ cob, membru corespondent al Academiei R.P.R.

# "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755310006-3

On the compu	On the computation of right-angled wall beams in the case of certain mass forces. Studii mat Iasi 13 no.2:369-381 '62.					
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## TEODORESCU, P.P.

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Some considerations related to the plane problem of the theory of elasticity in triangular coordinates. Studii cerc mec apl 13 no.4:849-863 162.

1. Facultatea de matematica si mecanica a Universitatii din Bucuresti.

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R/008/62/013/005/007/008 A065/A126

**AUTHOR:** 

Teodorescu, P.P.

TITLE:

On the plane problem of the theory of elasticity in certain curvilinear coordinates. I. Introduction. Mathematical Preliminaries

PERIODICAL: Studii și cercetări de mecanică aplicată, v. 13, no. 5, 1962, 1,233

TEXT: Great calculation difficulties arise in the plane problem of the theory of elasticity from the necessity of satisfying the boundary conditions. In case of the elastic rectangle, rectangular Cartesian coordinates were used and in case of elastic parallelograms oblique coordinates, i.e.,  $\xi$ ,  $\eta$ . These observations have led to the idea of generally using some curvilinear coordinates,  $\xi$ ,  $\eta$ , selected in such a way that the contour of the given field would be formed of coordinate lines. In this boundary case  $\xi$  = const and  $\eta$  = const. Based on these facts, the author exposes the most important results on the plane problem of the theory of elasticity in certain curvilinear coordinates, concluding with a formulation of stresses and displacements of this problem, and using a direct

Card (/2)

On the plane problem of the theory of ....

R/008/62/013/005/007/008 A065/A126

calculation without tensorial methods. The given formulations differ from those considered at present, and represent a natural generalization of the most important particular cases. First, he determines the changes of coordinate axes and the changes of variables; the arc element, and the differential operators, i.e., the derivation operators of the first and second orders, the Laplace operator and tors are functions of the x and y variables. Since it is often useful to express these coefficients as functions of the  $\xi$  and  $\eta$  variables, the author deduces now with their help - by introducing the radii  $\rho \xi$  and  $\rho \eta$  - the derivation operators of the second order, the Laplace operator and the biharmonic operator. The author finally exposes the results obtained for the orthogonal curvilinear coordinates, the isogonal curvilinear coordinates, and the harmonic curvilinear coordinates. There are 7 figures.

ASSOCIATION:

Facultatea de matematică și mecanică, Universitatea București (Department of Mathematics and Mechanics, University of Bucharest)

SUBMITTED:

June 14, 1962

Card 2/2

# TEODORESCU, P.P.

"Proceedings of the Conference on the Theory of Plates and Shells." Studii oero mec apl 13 no.5:1334-1335 '62.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755310006-3"

24.4200

R/008/62/013/006/002/008 AU65/A126

AUTHOR:

Teodorescu, P.P.

TITLE:

On the plane problem of the theory of elasticity in certain curvilinear coordinates. II. State of strain

PERIODICAL:

Studii și cercetări de mecanică aplicată, v. 13, no. 6, 1962, 1,387

- 1,408

TEXT: This paper deals with the states of stress and deformation in the plane problem of the theory of elasticity in certain curvilinear coordinates. Considering that the normal stresses and the tangential stresses are the  $\infty$  mponents of the stress tensor, the latter can be expressed by:

 $T_{\sigma} = \begin{cases} \sigma_{\xi} & \tau_{\eta \xi} \\ \tau_{\xi \eta} & \sigma_{\eta} \end{cases}$  (2.1)

The author first studies the variation of the stresses around a point, determining the stresses of a certain direction  $(n, \, \xi)$ , and the transition from the components of the stress tensor in orthogonal Cartesian coordinates to the components

Card 1/3

On the plane problem of the theory of ....

R/C08/62/013/006/002/008 A065/A126

of the stress tensor in certain curvilinear coordinates. The state of stress around a point is completely determined if the components of the stress tensor (2.1) are known. Determined are then the main directions, the main normal stresses, and the angles of the two main directions. The results can be used for the determination of the isostatic lines and of the trajectories of the extreme tangential stresses. Established are finally the equations of the elastic equilibrium in certain curvilinear coordinates, and the equations of the elastic equilibrium coordinates written with Cartesian coordinates, as well as the particular cases of the isogonal, orthogonal and harmonic curvilinear coordinates. The author then studies the state of deformation by introducing the components of the displacement vector, u g and u  $\eta$ , the specific linear displacements  $\xi_{\xi}$  and  $\xi_{\eta}$ , and the angular deformation  $\chi_{\xi\eta}$ , as a function of the components in orthogonal Cartesian coordinates. The specific deformation tensor expressed by:

$$T_{\hat{\epsilon}} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ccc} \varepsilon_{g} & \frac{1}{2} \gamma_{g} \eta \\ \frac{1}{2} \gamma_{g} \eta & \hat{\epsilon} \eta \end{array} \right\}. \tag{2.29}$$

Established are in the case of the state of deformation the relations connecting Card 2/3

On the plane problem of the theory of ....

R/008/62/013/006/002/008 A065/A126

the components of the specific deformation tensor with the components of the displacement vector. The author finally studies the variation of the specific deformation around a point and determines the main directions, the main linear deformations, and the equation of continuity, as well as the isogonal, orthogonal and harmonic curvilinear coordinates. As a constitutive law of an elastic nomogeneous and isotropic body, he introduces a Hook-type law for a state of plane stress and for a state of plane deformation. There are 5 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Facultatea de matematică și mecanică, Universitetea București (De-

partment of Mathematics and Mechanics, Bucharest University)

SUBMITTED:

June 14, 1962

Card 3/3

#### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755310006-3

S/124/63/000/001/032/080 D234/D308

AUTHOR:

Teodorescu, P.P.

TITLE:

Introduction to the mechanics of deformable bodies

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, no. 1, 1963, 1, abstract 1V1 (Gaz. mat. și fiz. 1962, v. Al4, no. 3, 115-135 (Rum.: summaries in Rus. and Fr.))

TEXT: The author considers the hypotheses and the most important results of the mechanics of deformable bodies. The principal problems are formulated and modern problems in this branch of mechanics are indicated.

Abstracter's note: Complete translation\_7

Card 1/1

TEODORESCU, P. P. (Bucuresti)

On the harmonic and biharmonic polynomials. Studia Univ B-B S. Math-Phys 8 no.1:93-104  $^{163}$ .

TEODORLSCU, P.P.

On the plane problem of the theory of elasticity in arbitrary curvilinear coordinates. Pt.1. Rev mec appl 8 no.3:453-479 '63.

1. Faculty of mathematics and mechanics, Bucharest University.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755310006-3"

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TEODORESCU, P. P.

On the plane problem of the theory of elasticity in arbitrary curvilinear coordinates. Pt. 2. Rev mec appl 8 no. 4: 589-609 163.

1. Faculty of Mathematics and Mechanics, University of Bucharest.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755310006-3"

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### TEODORESCU P. P.

On the plane problem of the theory of elasticity in arbitrary curvilinear coordinates. Pt. 3. Rev mec appl 8 no. 6: 953-969 163.

1. Faculty of Mathematics and Mechanics, Bucharest University.

# TEODORESCU, P.P.

Strength of straight beams, Pt. 2. Rozpr inz PAN 11 no.1: 3-36 63.

1. Academia R.P.R. Institute de Matematica, Bucuresti.

### TEODORESCU, P.P.

Strength of straight beams. Pt.3. Rozpr inz PAN 11 no.2:217-233 '63.

1. Academia R.P.R., Institutul de Matematica, Bucuresti.

R/005/63/000/001/001/005 A065/A126

AUTHOR:

Teodorescu, P. P.

TITLE:

On the plane problem of the theory of elasticity in arbitrary curvilinear coordinates. - XII. Mathematical formulation of the problem. Calculation methods

14.

PERIODICAL: Studii și cercetări de mecanică aplicată, no. 1, 1963, 37 - 54

TEXT: The author shows in this 3rd part of his work, how the fundamental problems of the theory of elasticity in the plane case with arbitrary curvilinear coordinates can be formularized by making a distinction between the solution of the problem in the case of stresses and the solution of the problem in the case of displacement. For the sclution of the problem in the case of stresses he establishes the equation of continuity, the equations of equilibrium and the relation between the tangential stresses. The problem may then be solved with certain boundary conditions by integrating these three equation systems. Considering only the homogeneous equations, i.e. without the mass forces, he obtains two Airy-type representations of the state of stress, which correspond to

Card 1/3

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On the plane problem of the ...

R/008/63/000/001/001/006 A065/A126

the equilibrium equations and to the relation between the tangential stresses. The author then establishes the relations of the boundary conditions. Thus, the first fundamental problem of the theory of elasticity for a simply connected plane field may be formularized as follows: A biharmonic function in the interior of a given field should be determined, by knowing: a' the function and normal derivative; or, b) the normal derivative and the ingential derivative. This classical formulation can thus be used also in the case of arbitrary curvilinear coordinates. By using the coordinates  $\xi$  and  $\eta$ , the author gives two other representation possibilities of the state of stress. In case of the second basic problem of the theory of elasticity, i.e. boundary conditions in the case of displacement, the author establishes on the basis of the equations of orthogonal Cartesian coordinates given by K. Marguerre, the solution of the equation of Lamé, as well as the equations of the boundary conditions. Mentioned are for both cases the results obtained for the isogonal, orthogonal and harmonic curvilinear coordinates. The author finally presents the calculation possibilitites of the harmonic functions for arbitrary curvilinear coordinates, as well as for the orthogonal and narmonic curvilinear coordinates. The biharmonic stress functions may be represented by a formula

Card 2/3

On the plane problem of the...

R/008/63/000/001/001/06

given by E. Almasi (Ann. di Matem., seria III, II, 1, 1898).

ASSOCIATION: Facultatea de matematică și mecanică, Universitatea București (Department of Mathematics and Mechanics, University of Bucharest)

June 14, 1962 SUBMITTED:

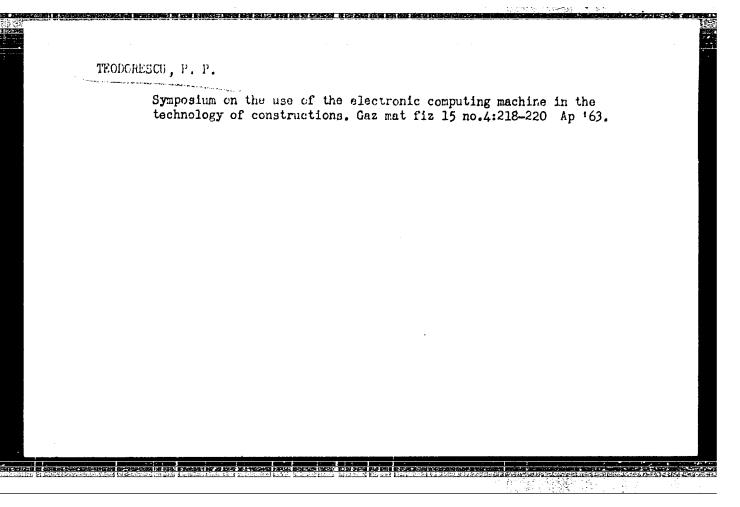
Curd 3/3

### TEODORESCU, P.P.

On the plane problem of the elasticity theory in any linear coordinates. Studii cere mee apl 14 no.2:403-417 163.

1. Facultatea de matematica si mecanica, Universtatea-Bucuresti.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755310006-3"



TECONTESCU, P.P., conf. univ. (Bucuresti)

Mathematical introduction to the theory of elasticity. Gaz mat fiz 15 no.7:337-350 Jl '63.

TEODORESCU, P.P., conf. univ. (Bucuresti)

Application of mathematics to the elasticity theory.
Gaz mat fiz 15 no. 8: 393-407 Ag 163.

TEODORESCU, P. P.

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NUCLEMENT OF THE PARTY OF THE P

Considerations in connection with the mathematical formulation of the plane problem of the theory of elasticity. Studii cerc mat 15 no. 3:355-367 '64.

A hundred years of studies on the plane problem of the theory of elasticity. Ibid.:375-403

TEODORUSCU, P.P. (Bucuresti)

Plane problem of the elasticity theory in coordinates of any translation. Bull math Rum 5 no.3/4:265-287 '61[publ. '64].

1. Submitted January 15, 1963.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755310006-3"

TEODORESKU, P.P. [Teodorescu, P.P.]

Considerations on the plane problem of the theory of elasticity in arbitrary rectilinear coordinates. Rev mec appl 9 no. 1:55-69 '64.

1. Faculty of Mechanics and Mathematics, Bucharest University.

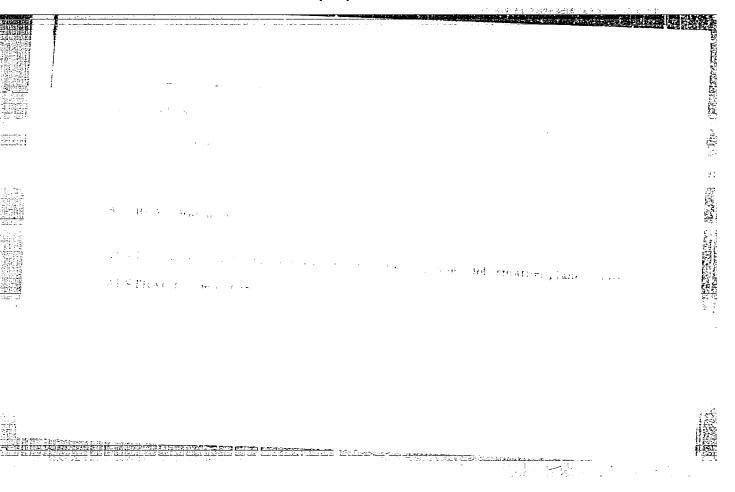
TEODORESKU, P.P. [Teodorescu, P.P.]

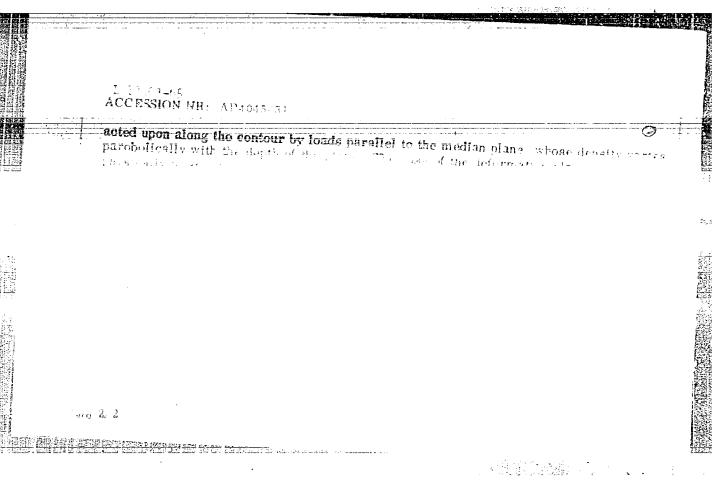
A mixed problem of the theory of elasticity for some infinite plane cases. Rev mec appl 9 no. 2:405-413 '64.

TEODORESCU, P.P.

Calculation of rectangular deep beams in the case of arbitrary body forces. Rev mec appl 9 no. 3:497-509 164.

1. Faculty of Mathematics and Mechanics, Bucharest University.





TEODORESCU, P.P.

The kinetic problem of nonhomogeneous elastic bodies. Bul Ac Pol tech 12 no.12:867-870 '64.

The roblem of the semiquarter of elastic space. Ibid.:

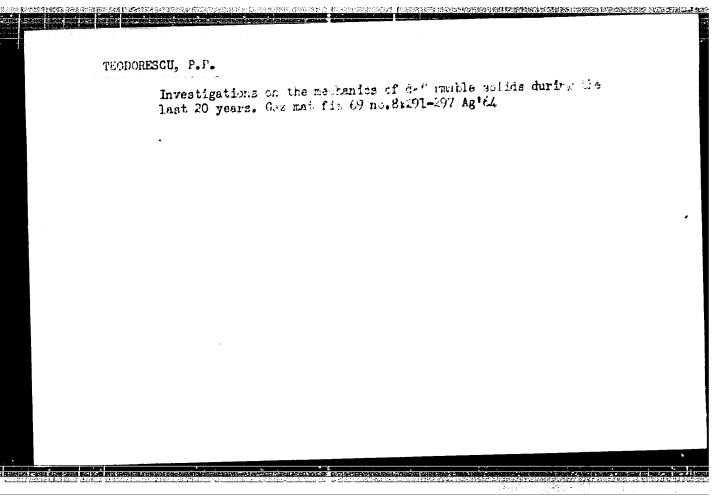
1. Institute of Mathematics of the Rumanian Academy of Sciences, Bucharest. Submitted September 9, 1964.

"Methods of potential in the theory of elasticity" by V.D.

Kupradze. Reviewed by P.P.Taodorescu. Studii cerc mc apl
16 [1.e. 15] nc.):796-798 '64.

"Statics and stability of constructions formed with bars and
thin walls" by Zb.Brozoska. Reviewed by P.P.Taodorescu. Ibid.:
799-800

"Principles of classical mechanics and the field theory." Vol.
III/1. Reviewed by P.P.Taodorescu. Ibid.:806-807



TEODORESCU, P.P.

Third Conference of Nonlinear Vibrations, 1964, Berlin. Gaz. mat fiz 69 no.10:399-400 0 '64.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755310006-3"

TEODORESCU, P.P., conf. univ.

Conference on the Mechanics of Deformable Solids. Gaz mat fiz 69 no.11:432-433 N '64.

1. Bucharest University.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755310006-3"

5,2400

**27001** R/003/61/012/003/002/004

D238/D302

AUTHORS:

Niederkorn, I., Engineer, Candidate of Technical

Sciences; Teodorescu, R., Engineer; and Caluşaru, A.,

Engineer, Candidate of Technical Sciences

TITLE:

Production of spectrally pure silicon by the dissociation

of silanes

PERIODICAL:

Revista de chimie, v. 12, no. 3, 1961, 144-150

TEXT: This study is part of a search for a convenient industrial preparation of ultra pure Si Abstractor's note: See Niederkorn et al., Rev. Chim. 12, 137, 1961]. The method studied consists in preparing SiMg<sub>2</sub> from the elements, reacting SiMg<sub>2</sub> with HCl to form a mixture of silanes, Si  $_{\rm n}$ H<sub>2n+2</sub>, and decomposing the latter on a hot surface, where Si is deposited. Although poor yields averaging 20% were reported, this

method is thought to be advantageous for the following reasons: (a)

Card 1/6

27001

R/003/61/012/003/002/004 D238/D302

Production of spectrally \*\*\*

The obvious case of purifying gases (b) The possibility of using glass, instead of quartz, for a large part of the apparatus (c) The limited number of volatile hydrides (d) the by-product is hydrogen, easy to handle. (e) the high performance of resulting silicon, crystals made of the latter having a resistivity of several thousands of ohms. Specifically, SiMg2 was prepared by heating a mixture of technical Si and Mg powder at 650°C for 10-15 min, in an atmosphere of H2. The apparatus for the generation and subsequent dissociation of the silane mixture is shown in Fig. 2 and functions as follows: A controlled flow of purified  $\mathrm{H}_2$  forces a suspension of  $\mathrm{SiMg}_2$  in glycerine from the feeding bottle, 2 into a 40 lit. polyethylene container, 3: Here, silanes are generated by adding aqueous HCl flowing through R . The rate of generation is regulated by a contact manometer, 7, which opens the magnetic valve V whenever this rate increases. The valve causes the level of water in 1 to fall and thus the feed of SiMg2 is cut off. The mixture of silanes and water vapors is freed from volatile hydrides in the heated Card 2/6

27001 R/003/61/012/003/002/004 D238/D302

Production of spectrally...

column, 8 (at 350°C) and then cooled in 9; water is removed in 10 and the last traces of it combine with SiCl. The resulting silica aerosol is trapped in 12. Boranes are retained by ground SiH in 13 and aerosols - by glass spheres coated with silicon grease, in 14. The dissociation was studied by three methods, namely by deposition on quartz tube, Ta tube, and Ta wire, respectively. The quartz tube, 20, is protected by another quartz tube, 21, and heated by means of the furnace, 19. The Ta tube, made from 0.2 mm. Ta sheet, is protected by means of an opaque quartz tube and heated in the same manner as 19. The apparatus for deposition on the Ta wire, 17 consists of water cooled copper pipes (serving as contacts); of a Ta wire connected to these pipes via Mo plates; and of a perforated quartz fork placed coaxially with the wire. The silanes enter the apparatus through the hollow fork and the Si formed is deposited on the wire. Any Si dust carried with the gases is collected in the cyclones, 22. Experimental results: (1) Generation of silanes. The gas mixture in 3 contained  $SiH_A$ , 2.1%;  $Si_2H_6$  1.7%; and  $Si_3H_8$ , 1.3%. The reaction proceeds up to 4 hours after Card 3/6

27001

Production of spectrally...

R/003/61/012/003/002/004 D238/D302

the feed of MgSi, has been cut off. The acid sludge contains a grey residue. (2) Purification of silanes. The cooler was lined with a de⇔ posit of SiO2. Otherwise the purification was satisfactory, (3) Dissociation. Most of the pertinent data were gathered from the deposition on a quartz tube. Si deposited at 1000°C and over is metallic in appearance, while at lower temp.a grey powder is formed. The authors concluded that it was formed from gas molecules which did not dissociate on the walls and used deposition tubes with smaller diameters in order to increase the radial velocity of the gas. Consequently, the proportion of by-product was reduced from 10% (with a tube of  $\emptyset$  30 mm) to 1-2% when using a tube of Ø 12 mm. The yields varied from 10 to 22%. The product was spectrally pure and contained less than  $10^{-4}\%$  of Ca, Cu etc. and approx.  $10^{-7}\%$  of B. The deposition on a Ta tube yielded a product contaminated with Ta. Two runs with Ta wire conducted, at 900°C and 1000°C respectively. There are 4 figures, 1 table and 14 references: 7 Sovietbloc and 7 non-Soviet-bloc. The references to the English-language publications read as follows: Thorpe's Dictionary of Applied Chemistry, vol. X Longmans, Londra 1952; Kirk . Othmer, Encyclopedia of Chemical

Card 4/6

2700 | R/003/61/012/003/002/004 D238/D302

Production of spectrally...

Technology, vol. XII, Interscience, New York, 1954; Bell Telephone Manufg. Co. - Brev. Belg. 565604/12.IX.1958; International Standard Electric Corp. Brev. Fr ad. 70026/3.11.1959.

Legend to Fig. 2. Laboratory installation for the production of silicon from silanes. 1) automatic manometer, 2) feeding bottle, 3) silane generator, 4) beaker with water, 5) bottle, 6) liquid valve, 7) contact manometer, 8) heated column, 9) cooler, 10) CaCl<sub>2</sub> column, 11) diato-

maceous earth column, 12) container for SiCl<sub>4</sub>, 13) SiH column, 14) container with greased glass spheres, 15) manometer, 16) flowmeter, 17) apparatus for dissociation on Ta wire, 18) manometer, 19) furnace, 20) quartz tube for dissociation, 21) quartz tube for protection, 22) cyclones, 23) to magnetic valve V, T - thermometer with relay, V - magnetic valve, R - R<sub>6</sub> - stopcocks

Card 5/6

(For Fig. 2 see next card)

NIEDERKORN, I.; LAUDONIU, Diamanta; NOHL, A.; TEODORESCU, R.; FOPESCU, N.

Obtention of high purity silicium in a SIP-4 experiment installation,
Rev chimie Min petr 14 no.2:77-83 F 263.

TEODORESCU, R. (Bukharest)

Functions of random variables of a set and their integrals. Bull math Rum 4 no.1:93-98'60.

The complex Markov processes. Rev math pures 5 no.2:341-362 '60. (EEAI 10:9)	
(Probabilities)	

# On an equation occurring in the theory of aleatory processes. Rev math pures 5 no.3/4:7/29-722 '60. (EEAI 10:5) (Functional equations) (Probabilities) (Processes, Infinite)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755310006-3"

On some linear chains with complete connections. Rev math pures 6 no.1:167-170 '61. (EEAI 10:9)

(Statistical mechanics) (Linear programing) (Distribution(Probability theory)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755310006-3"

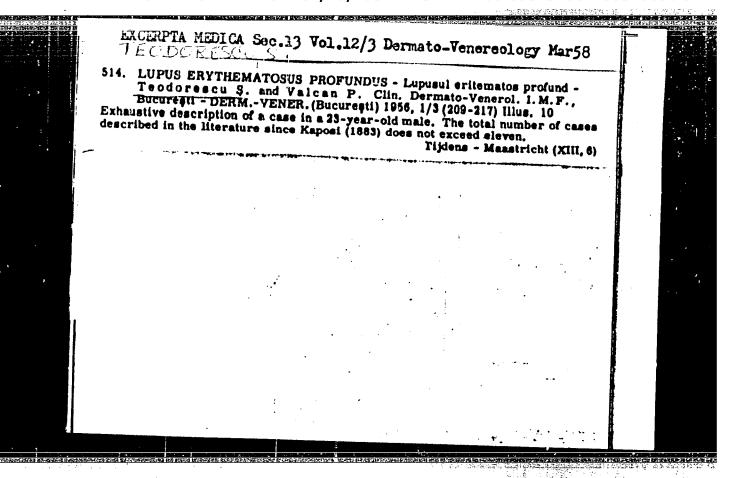
SYMBOAN, G. [Simboun, G.]; Treference, R. [Teodorescu, R.]

Statistical spaces. Rev math pures 7 no. 4:699-703

\*62.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755310006-3"

**计算的理解的**自己



RUMANIA/Human and Animal Morphology - Normal and Pathological. Skin

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur Biol., No 23, 1958, 105994

Author : Teodoresku, St., Vulkon, P.

Title : Deep Lupus Erythematosus

Orig Pub : Rumunsk. med. obozreniye, 1957, I, No 1, 79-87

Abstract: A rare case of deep lupus erythematosus (LE) in a 23year-old female who had on the skin of the face, side
by side with the typical rashes, deep scars, and in
the closest proximity to them three nodules of the clinically sarcoid type is reported. On histological examination of the deep nodule located in the skin of
the face, there were noted: hyperkeratosis, in some
areas follicular edema of the papillae, perifollicular
nodular lymphoid infiltrations and areas of fibrinoid

necrosis in the dermis, nodular cellular infiltration

Card 1/2

RUMANIA/Human and Animal Marphology - Narral and Pathological. Skin.

Abs Jur : Ref Zhur Biol., No 23, 1958, 105994

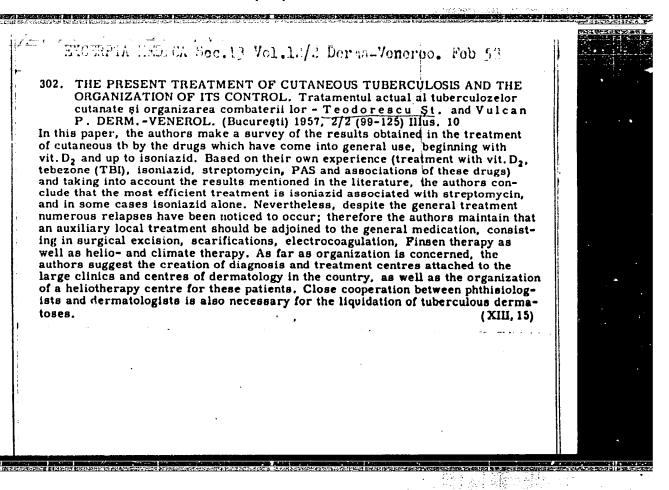
11. substancous tissue, zones of collagenization, and coballory and arterial lesions leading to thrombosis of the vessels. Thus, changes characteristic for LE were present. Treatment with nicotinic acid hydrazide and sulfones gave only an insignificant improvement, and the administration of gold salts and freezing with liquid carbon dioxide led to recovery. The observed case is the undoubtful transition from the hypodermic nodular form of the LE to the typical fixed form of the LE. Incorrectness of the view of Potrie / transliteration / about the until then described cases of deep LB as the combination of simple LE with sarcoids of the Darier-Roussy type is noted. -- L.N. Mashkilleyson

Card 2/2

- 24 -

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755310006-3"

\* : :



CHINDE Kulimatika li-c/ CATEGORY-TEUDORESCU, St.
ABS. JOUR! AZKhim., No. 1959, No. 72924 : Teodorescu, St.; Iliescu, L.; Tomescu, F.; \* : Agronomical Research Institute AUTHOR INST. TITLE : Technology of the Making of Natural Dessert Wines of the "Murfatlar" and "Tirnave" Type ORIG. PUB. : An. Inst. cercetari agron., 1957 (1958), 25, No 6, 495-516 ABSTRACT : To produce dessert wines, tests were made of addition to the wine must of concentrated must, refined sugar, crude spirits distillate, and of little-aged spirits distillate (IAD). The best results were obtained on adding LAD in small portions during fermentation. The sugar content of the must should be at least 240 g/liter, and the content of extract in the wine at least 24-32 g/liter. The method can be carried out using conventional wine-making equipment. From Authors' Summary. CARD: // \* Belu, O.; Bodarici, C.; Dumitrescu, T.

KUYBAN, F. [Cuiban, F.]. TECTORNSKY. S. [Teodorescu, S.]

Manufacture of mesoinositol. Med.prom. 12 no.12:23-26 D'58

(MIRA 11:12)

1. Issledovatel'skiy khimiko-farmatsevticheskiy institut
(Bukharest).

(INOSITOL)

THODOMSKU, Sht. [Teodorescu, S.], prof.; GEORGIU, G., doktor; BEDENOYU, A., doktor; KOL'TSOYU, A. [Colcoiu, A.], doktor; BAITA, Ye., khimik; ATANASIU, M., khimik; OLIHESKU, R. [Olinescu, R.], khimik

Observations on cutaneous porphyrinuris. Vest.dern. i ven. 34 no.2:7-11 F '60. (MIRA 13:12)

1. Iz Bukharestskoy dermatologicheskoy kliniki (zav. - prof. Sht. Teodoresku.

(PORPHYRINURIA)
(SKIN diseases)

TEODORESCU, St.; FELLMER, M.; NICOIAE, G.; PANIIA, P.; VINTICI, V.

Changes in the cerebrospinal fluid in treated syphilis. Rumanian M. Rev. 3 no.1:41-42 Jan-Mar 59.

(NEUROSYPHILIS, CSF in progn. value after ther.)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755310006-3"

TEODORESCU,St.,Prof.; COMU,Aurel; DEMETRIU, N.

Cutaneous varicelliform eruptions in a family, dus to a collective reactogen (dust of wood harbouring psocidae). Rumanian M. Rev. 4 no.1:71-72 Ja-Mr 160.

1. Dermatovenereological Clinic of the Medicopharmaceutical Institute in Bucharest (Director: Prof. St. Teodorescu).

(DERMATITIS VENEMATA case reports)

(CHICKENPOX diag.)

(DUST)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755310006-3"

TEODORESCU, S. SUMMANE (in caps); Given Names

Country: Rumania

Academic Degrees:

Affiliation: "N. Balcescu" Agronomic Institute (Institutul Agronomic
"N. Balcescu"), Bucharest.

Source: Bucharest, Probleme Zootehmice si Veterinare, Vol XI, No 10,
Oct 1961, pp 17-26.

Data: "Studies for the Determination of Mixed Concentrates Used in the Feeding of Chicks for Broilers."

Authors:

BAIA, Gh., -Prof. Dr.MARTIN, V., -Veterinarian.BUNICELU, E., -Engineer.TED DO RESCU, S., -Engineer.TINCU, A., -Technician.ZAHARIA, M., -Chemist.-

TEDDORESCU; S, L STEFLEA, T. : STEFANESCU, C.

Additions to the use of methane gas in the founding process in cupola furnaces. p. 671.

METALURGIA SI CONSTRUCTIA DE MASINI. (Ministerul Industriei Metalurgice si Constructiilor de Masins si Asociatia Stiintifica a Inginerilor si Technicienilor din Rominia) Bucurestik Rumania Vol. 11, no. 8, Aug. 1959

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC Vol. 9, no. 2 Feb. 1950. Uncl.

GDR / Organic Chemistry. Organic Synthusis.

G-2

Lbs Jour: Rof Zhur-Khimiya, No 10, 1959, 34852.

Author : Cuiban, F., Cuiban, L., Teodorescu, S.

Inst : Not given.

: Derivation of Chloramine B. Sulfochlorination of

Benzene and Conversion of the Aromatic N-Chlor-

sulfamides with the Aid of Acids.

Orig Pub: Pharmazie, 1958, 13, No 7, 407-410.

Abstract: Investigated is the mechanism of chloramine B

(I) formation (Na-salt of N-chloronenylsulfamide) in accordance with the reaction:  $C_6H_5(II)$   $\rightarrow$   $C_6H_5SO_2CI$  (III)  $\rightarrow$   $C_6H_5SO_2PH_2$  (IV)  $\rightarrow$  I. The maximum concentration of II in a mixture is reached in 30 min. after the addition of II in  $C_6F_5SO_2CI$ 

in 30 min. after the addition of II to MC1303. Content of diphenylsulfone (V), formed in the

Card 1/4

Title

6-15

CDR / Organic Chemistry. Organic Synthesis.

G-2

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 10, 1959, 34852.

Abstract: side reaction, decreases in the presence of HC1S03 excess. On the basis of data available on the sulfonation of II with 5% olcum and HC1303, in the varied order of the reagents addition, it is shown that the formation of III occurs through the direct sulfochlorination of II and not through the chlorination of  $C_6H_5SO_3H$  (VI). The formation of V proceeds in accordance with VI  $\neq$  II  $\rightarrow$  V. Under the action of HCl-acid excess on I at a low temperature and subsequent heating up to 400, the formation of Cl20, IV, and N,N-dichlorophenylsulfamide (VII) is observed. In the absence of excess acid only IV and VII are obtained, while the reaction becomes a reversible one. The formation of Cl<sub>2</sub>C is explained by the interaction of

Card 2/4

GDR / Organic Chemistry. Organic Synthesis.

G-2

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 10, 1959, 34852.

Abstract: HOCl and Clf. To 1410 gr HCl503 at 40° are added during 30 minutes 312 gr II, followed by another 30 minutes of mixing. The mixture was then poured into 2500 ml of ice water, whereby 800-1000 gr III was separated. 545 gr of 25% aqueous NH3 were added to III at 20-30°, followed by filtration of IV after approx. 14 hours. IV was then dissolved in a mixture containing 320 gr of 40% aqueous NaOH and 2000 ml H20, followed by filtering out of V. One half of the IV solution was chlorinated with 200-250 gr of Cl2, yielding 650 gr VII of 50% moisture content. To the other half of the IV solution the obtained VII was added at 35-40°. The mixture was cooled and in the

Card 3/4

G-16

next 30 minutes 260 gr of 40% aqueous NaOH were

GDR / Organic Chemistry. Organic Synthesis.

G-2

Abs Jour: Rof Zhur-Khimiya, No 10, 1959, 34352.

Abstract: added, mixed for another 30 minutes, heated at

750 until VII has completely dissolved, filtered, and poured into 1800 gr of 24% aqueous MaCl.
After 24 hours I was separated and dried at 45°.
The yield of I was 600-650 gr (65% based on II)
with 28-29% of active chloring content. --

V. Antonov.

Card 4/4

CIA-RDP86-00513R001755310006-3" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001

RIMANIA/Organic Chemistry. Synthetic Organic Chemistry.

G-2

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khim., No 24, 1958, 81585.

Author : Cuiban F., Cilianu S., Teodorescu S.

Inst

: The Synthesis of Fhenolphthalein With the Application Title

of Chloro-Sulfonic Acid as the Condensing Agent.

Orig Fub: Rev. Chim., 1958, 9, No 3, 151-152.

Abstract: By the action of ClSO,H (I) on C,H,OH (II), the obtained product, 4-HOC,H,SC,H, is a good condensing agent for the synthesis of phenol-Inthalein (III); the addition of ZnCl decreases the consumption of I and II. One hundred forty-eight grams of phthalic anhydride (IV) and 296 grams of II are heated at 110°C. until completely dissolved, for three hours at 110-115°C., 130 graus of I are added and mixed

: 1/2 Card

20

RUMANIA, Organic Chemistry. Synthetic Organic Chemistry.

G-2

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khim., No 24, 1958, 81585.

for 20 hours at 115-117°C., diluted with 500 ml of boiling water, the precipitate is washed with boiling water, it dissolved in the theoretical amount of 5% NaCH, is precipitated with diluted HCl until acid to Congo, obtained 240 grams of III A mixture of 148 grams of IV, 211 gms. of II and 34 grams of ZnCl; are heated at 110°C., 45 grams of I is added within 3 hours, it is mixed for 30 hours at 115-117°C., is treated as described above, and 72-75% of III is obtained, recrystallized from alcohol.

Card : 2/2

FERENCZY, St., ing.; MITROFANOVICI, V.; HARANGOZO, Nicolae; GALOSI, Tiberiu; TEODORESCU, S., dr.; MIHALACHE, Stefan; HERSTIG, I.; GRADINARU, N.; CASSABALIAN, S.

Reducing the cost price in the chemical industry. Probleme econ 16 no.10:153-160 0 '63.

1. Director, Intreprinderea "Solventul", Timisoara (for Ferenczy).
2. Ing. sef adjunct, Intreprinderea "Solventul", Timisoara (for Mitrofanovici).
3. Director, Fabrica de lacuri si vopsele din Timisoara (for Harangozo).
4. Director, Fabrica chimica Timisoara (for Galosi).
5. Director, Intreprinderea Industriala de Stat "Tableta", Beuresti (for Teodorescu).
6. Contabil sef, Intreprinderea Industriala de Stat "Tableta", Bucuresti (for Mihalache).
7. Director, Fabrica de medicamente "Biofarm", (for Herstig).
8. Director, Uzina de superfostati si acid sulfuric Navodari (for Gradinaru).
9. Sef serviciu plan, Uzina de superfosfati si acid sulfuric Navodari (for Cassabalian).

COMAN, B., ing.; TEODORESCU, S., ing.; ANGHELUTA, M., ing.

Importance of the technical and economic documentation of the investment work. Probleme econ 18 no.3:160-162 Mr '65.

1. Director, Planning Institute of the Light Industry, Bucharest (for Coman). 2. Director, Regional People's Council, Galati, Directorate of Systematization, Architecture, and Planning Constructions (for Teodorescu). 3. Head of the P.O.M. Service, Regional People's Council, Galati, Directorate of Systematization, Architecture, and Planning Constructions (for Anghaluta).

TEODORESCU, St., conf. ing.

Some elements for computing the resistance of the apparatus operating at high temperatures and high pressures, having refractory internal walls, and being specific to catalytic cracking installations. Petrol si gaze 13 no.2:77-81 F 162.

1. Institutul de Petrol, Gaze si Geologie.

TEODORESCU, St., conf. ing.

Constructive and mechanical calculation elements for the reactors in catalytic reforming installations; constructive and functional considerations. Petrol si gaze 13 no.8:364-369 Ag 162.

TEODORESCU, St., conf.ing.; NICOLESCU, M., ing.

Geometric elements for calculating the jacket evolutes in spherical pressure tanks. Petrol si gaze 14 no.9:457-465 8:63.

TEODORESCU, St., ing.; NICOLESCU, M., ing.

Strength calculation elements for spherical pressure reservoirs.
Petrol si gaze 14 no.12:629-638 D\*63

TEODORESCU, St., ing.; LUPUTIU, I., ing.

Application of the vertical assembly technology to a nonclearance gauge in alloyed steels by using thermal treatment with induction currents. Petrol si gaze 15 no.10:550-555 0 '64.

TO THE SECRETARIAN CONTRACTOR OF THE SECRETARIAN SECRE

4-27

SURTAME (in caps); Given Names

Rumania Country:

CANAGORATE SOUTH

Academic Degrees: -not given-

Affiliation: -not given-

Source: Bucharest, Comunicarile Academiei Republicii Populere Romine, Vol XI, No 9, 1961, pp 1097-1103.

Data: "Studies of Some Factors Which Characterize the Beginning of

Fermentation of Mosts Treated with Sulfurous Anhydride.

Authors:

TEODORESCU, St. SEPTILICI, Georgeta CIOBANU, Henriette GHERMAN, Maria

: Rumanio CCUNTRY

CATEGORY

58777 APPROVED FOR RELEASEs 07/16/2001 1959 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755310006-3"

: Teodorescu, S., Septilici, G., Jurubita, J.,

ROETUA Not given IMST.

: The Behavior of Various Strains of Yeast in the Production of Sparkling Wines in the Rumanian TITLE

: Gradina, Via si Livada, 7. No 12, 18-20 (1958)

ORIG. PUB.

ABSTRACT

: With a view to the selection of the best-suited strain of yeast (Y) for the production of sparkling wines at the Zarya distillery, the authors have investigated in 1952-1955 the benavior of 11 local and imported strains of Y. Of the local (domestic) strains of Y, Sovin'yon Krechunel 1, Grasa Kotnar 10, and Murfatlar 7 (producing a pressure of 6.03-6.5) atm after 64-70 days) were found best suited for the production of high-grade wines; the best imported

k and Eperhardt, F. CARD: 1/2

332

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